

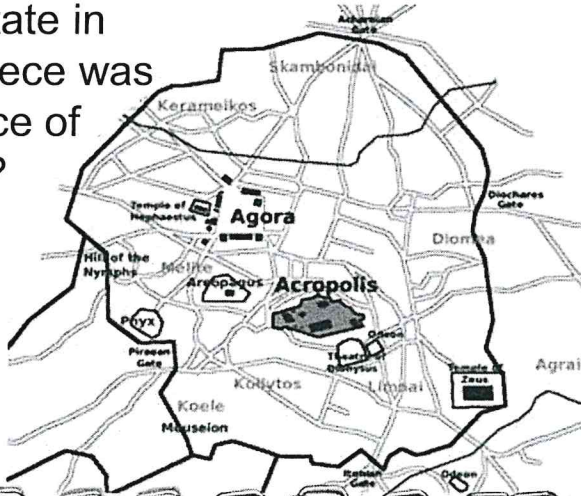


## LEVEL 1

### Q1

What city-state in ancient Greece was the birthplace of democracy?

- A. Sparta
- B. Athens
- C. Miletus
- D. Smyrna

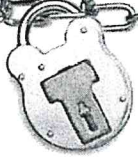


## LEVEL 1

### Q2

What name was given to the period of history right before the Greeks introduced democracy?

- A. Roman Greece
- B. Classical Greece
- C. Hellenistic Greece
- D. Archaic Greece

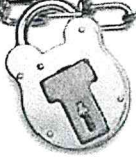
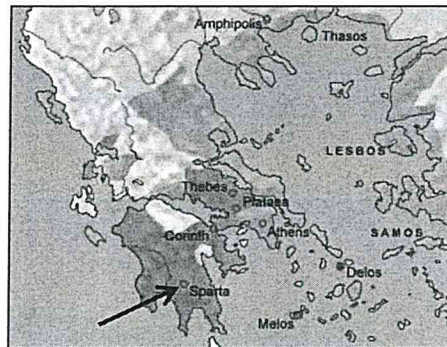


## LEVEL 1

### Q3

What was the main focus of the culture in the city-state of Sparta?

- A. Military training
- B. Farming
- C. Music and dance
- D. Fishing

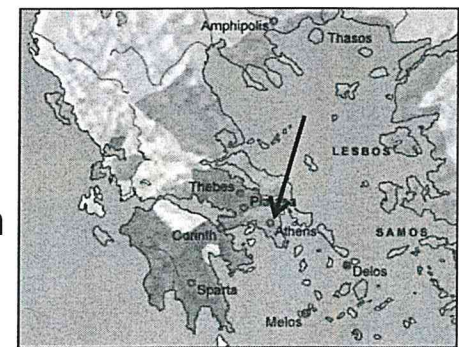


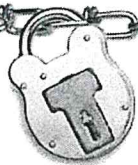
## LEVEL 1

### Q4

What was the main focus of the culture in the city-state of Athens?

- A. Military training
- B. Music and dance
- C. Art and education
- D. Athletics and competition



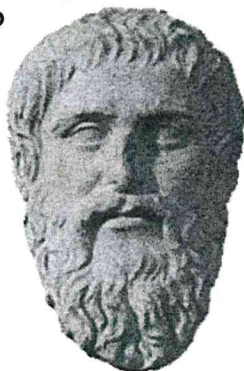


## LEVEL 2

### Q1

What philosopher founded the Academy in Athens, the first institution of higher learning in the Western world?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Socrates
- C. Plato
- D. Confucius

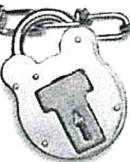
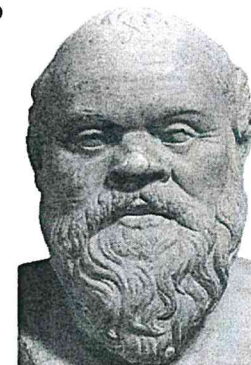


## LEVEL 2

### Q2

What philosopher contributed to the field of ethics and taught others to ask questions when solving problems?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Socrates
- C. Plato
- D. Confucius

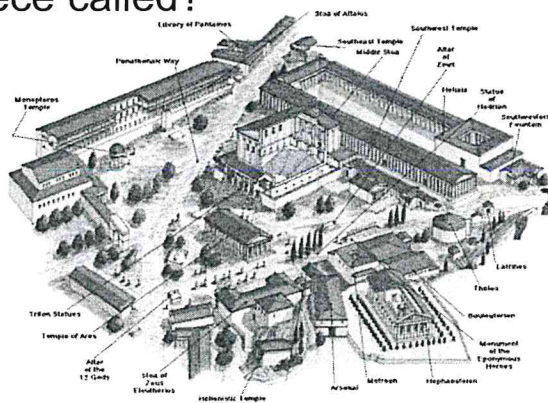


## LEVEL 2

### Q3

What were the central marketplaces in ancient Greece called?

- A. Polis
- B. Archon
- C. Acropolis
- D. Agora

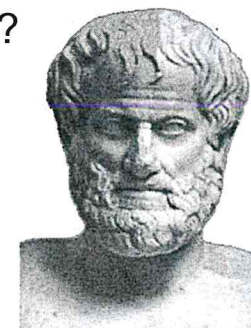


## LEVEL 2

### Q4

What philosopher, student of Plato and teacher of Alexander the Great wrote many books about physics, government, anatomy, logic, poetry, and biology?

- A. Aristotle
- B. Socrates
- C. Plato
- D. Confucius





**LEVEL 3**

**Q1**

What major war was fought between Athens and Sparta?

- A. The Persian Wars
- B. The Peloponnesian War
- C. The Syrian Wars
- D. The Lelantine War



**LEVEL 3**

**Q2**

Dating back to 776 BC, what series of athletic competitions were held in honor of Zeus?

- A. Olympic Games
- B. Pythian Games
- C. Nemean Games
- D. Isthmean Games

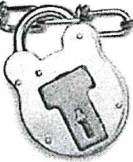
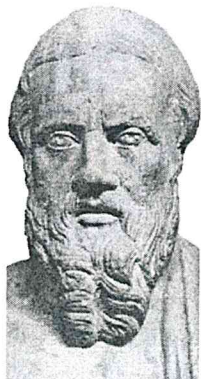


**LEVEL 3**

**Q3**

Who was known as “The Father of History” due to his writing of The Histories?

- A. Alexander the Great
- B. Thucydides
- C. Herodotus
- D. Polybius



**LEVEL 3**

**Q4**

What was the role of women in ancient Greece?

- A. Government and law
- B. Host religious festivals
- C. Education and philosophy
- D. Home and domestic activity



**LEVEL 4**

**Q1**

What Greek king spent most of his life creating one of the largest empires of the ancient world through his military?

- A. Darius III
- B. Confucius
- C. Philip II of Macedon
- D. Alexander the Great

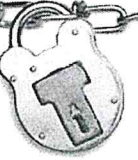


**LEVEL 4**

**Q2**

Which of the following foods was not part of the primary diet of ancient Greeks?

- A. Fish
- B. Wine
- C. Sugar
- D. Grains



**LEVEL 4**

**Q3**

What ancient fortress-city is found on a high rocky outcrop above Athens?

- A. Acra
- B. Acropolis
- C. Acrocorinth
- D. Pantheon



**LEVEL 4**

**Q4**

What large outdoor space was used by the ancient Greeks for entertainment?

- A. Amphitheatre
- B. The Arena
- C. Proscenium
- D. Colosseum





## LEVEL 5

Q1

What prevented the ancient Greek city-states from uniting to form a single nation?

- A. Mountainous geography of the region
- B. Lack of a common language
- C. Size of the desert regions
- D. Cold, hostile climate



## LEVEL 5

Q2

Who was tried and sentenced to death for corrupting the youth of Athens?

- A. Dionysus
- B. Plato
- C. Aristotle
- D. Socrates



## LEVEL 5

Q3

What former temple on the Athenian Acropolis was dedicated to the goddess Athena ?

- A. Erechtheion
- B. Parthenon
- C. Pantheon
- D. Mycenae



## LEVEL 5

Q4

What major civilization came soon after the Greeks and was greatly influenced by Greek culture?

- A. Egyptians
- B. Persians
- C. Romans
- D. Assyrians