

Αρχαία Γραμματική: Τη Πελοποννησιακή Πόλεμος*
 (Ancient Greece: The Peloponnesian War Note Guide)*

- Greece was made up of City-states
 - Each had their own government and economy
- Athens and Sparta were two of the greatest Greek city-states
- Sparta valued fighting and physical strength
- Athens valued intelligence and thinking
- Athens and Sparta sometimes worked together to defend Greece (Persian Wars)
- After the Persian Wars, an alliance was created
 - Alliance - An agreement to work together
 - Sparta was not in this alliance
 - Called the Delian League
- Athens was the most powerful city in the Delian League
 - Treated other cities as Subjects
 - Delian League became an Athenian Empire
- Sparta joined an alliance called the Peloponnesian League
 - To make sure Athens didn't get too powerful, Sparta declared war on Athens
- This begins the Peloponnesian War
 - Peloponnesian War - A war between Sparta and Athens that tore Greece apart
- 431BCE - Spartan army marches to Athens
- Athens attacked Spartan allies
- After 10 years, a truce was reached
 - Athens keeps its empire, but will not expand
 - Sparta goes home
- 415BCE - Athena tries to expand again
 - Sicily defeats Athens and destroys its navy
- Sparta attacks Athens
- 404BCE - Sparta finally wins and ends the Peloponnesian War
- Greece falls into a period of Civil warfare for many years